





What are the barriers that hold back the uptake of Digital & Precision Farming? *Insights from the Smart-AKIS survey*

Maria Kernecker, Andrea Knierim, Angelika Wurbs, Friederike Borges, Teresa Kraus









Smart-AKIS

- Thematic Network
- Multi-actor project promoted by EIP-AGRI and funded by EU's Horizon 2020 programme
- Aimed at bridging the gap between practitioners and research on the identification and delivery of new Smart Farming solutions to fit farmers' needs









Survey Objectives

- Assess farmer needs, ideas, and interests
- Identify factors influencing adoption









Survey Components

- Farmers' perceptions of challenges
- o Farmers' perceptions of SFT potential to deal with challenges
- Farmers' information sources
- SFT types relevant to farms
- Key differences and similarities between adopters and non-adopters



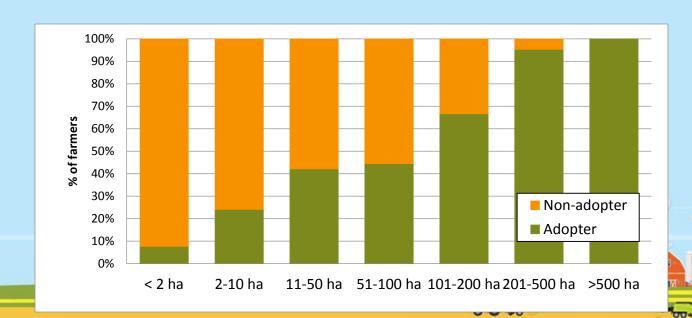


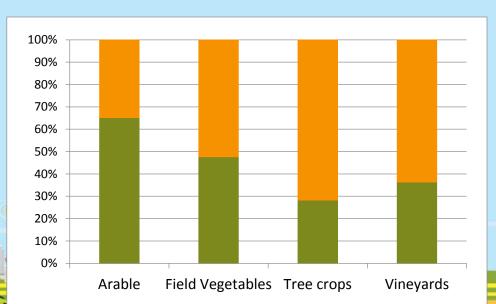




Survey methods

- Partners contacted farmers and conducted 287 questionnaires
- Face-to-face or via phone
- Analyses differentiated by country, farm size and cropping system







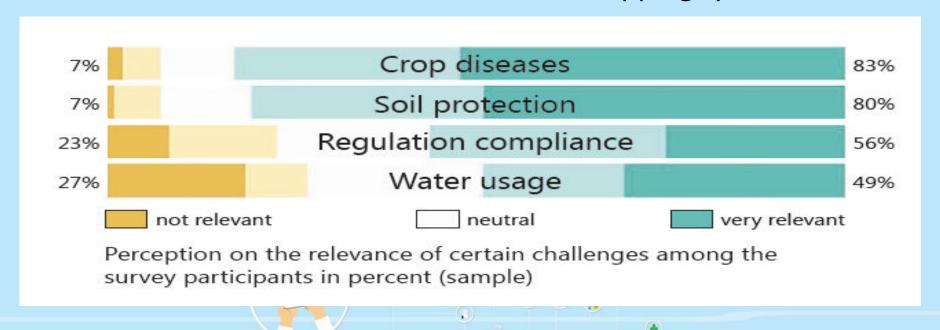




#CEMASummit

Farmers' perceptions of challenges

- → what are SFT important for?
- → differs between countries and cropping systems



000

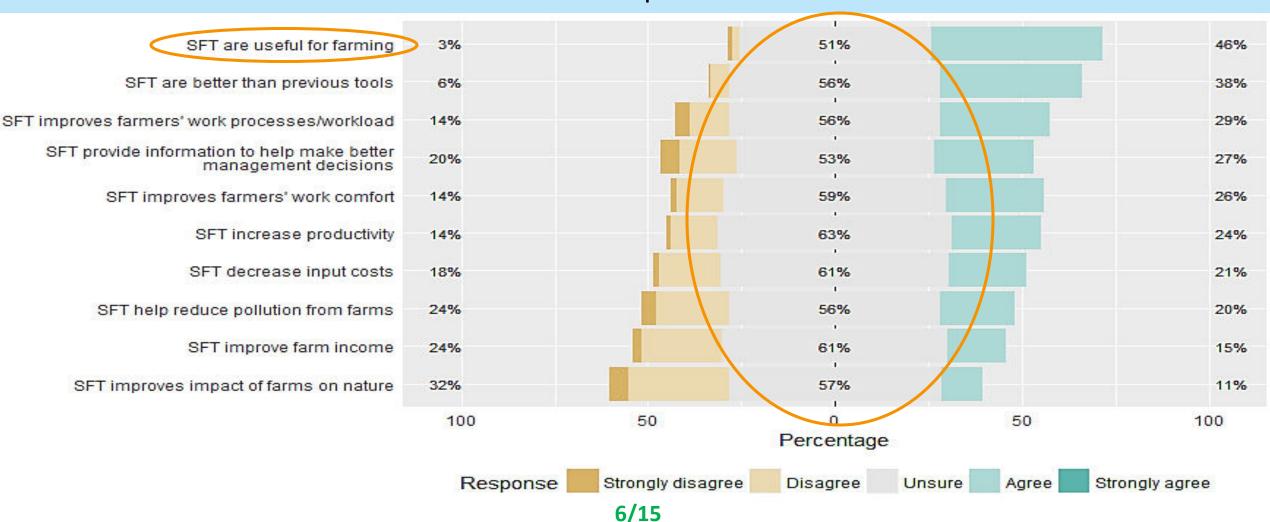






Farmers' perception of SFT potential to deal with challenges

→ Farmers assess SFT potential with caution









Perceived useful technology for farmers include:

- Robots for monotonous work processes
- Real-time diagnostics via drones, satellite imagery, or smart phone sensors
- Improved integration of various SFT
- Data for information and decision support









4 barrier groups to SFT use and/or adoption

- 1. Access to SFT
- 2. The technological system as a whole
- 3. Device-level issues
- 4. Data issues









Access to SFT:

- Improve access to information about SFT
- Reduce cost
- Improve infrastructure









The technological system as a whole:

- Simplification and consolidation of SFT and apps
- Compatibility between devices









Device:

- Efficiency
- Reliability
- Reduce complexity
- Device adaptation









Data issues:

- Data mobility
- Data transfer between devices
- Improve data transformation for better in-field decision-support
- Data security









Factors necessary for using/adopting technology

Non-adopters	Adopters
Cost-reduction	Cost-reduction
Simplify use	Improve data presentation
Improved technology for farm context and size	Universality and compatability of devices, improved level of precision
Cost-benefit model to highlight added value	Added value to current production methods
Demonstrations and personal "SFT tour" with neutral contact	Neutral advice







Conclusions

- Crop and soil protection most important challenges for farmers
- Uncertainty amongst farmers for SFT potential to tackle challenges
- Key barriers proposed by farmers are related to:
 - Information outcomes and using them in the decision making process of the SFT
 - Reduce initial investment
 - Increase flexibility and scope of application of SFT related to size
- Barriers differ between non-adopter and adopter groups









Key points for further consideration:

- That there is (still) a lot of caution among farmers with regard to the potentials of SFT to address major challenges
- That farmers keep updated on SFT, and other farmers are most important sources of information
- That farmers are experimenting themselves and also have ideas for SFT improvements → stay in touch with them!



Moving towards connected & sustainable agriculture in Europe What can digital technologies & advanced farm machines deliver?







Thank you!



THIS PROJECT HAS RECEIVED FUNDING FROM THE EUROPEAN UNION'S HORIZON 2020 RESEARCH AND INNOVATION PROGRAMME UNDER GRANT AGREEMENT N. 696294

SMART AKIS PARTNERS:

































